





Cost-of-living crisis v Climate crisis







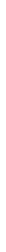




Industrial Designer (BSc)

25+ years design development experience5 years at Triton (initially NPD)

Long-standing passion for Sustainability

















EMBODIED (<5%)



The GHG emissions associated with the manufacturing, transportation, installation, maintenance, and disposal of a product

OPERATIONAL (>95%)

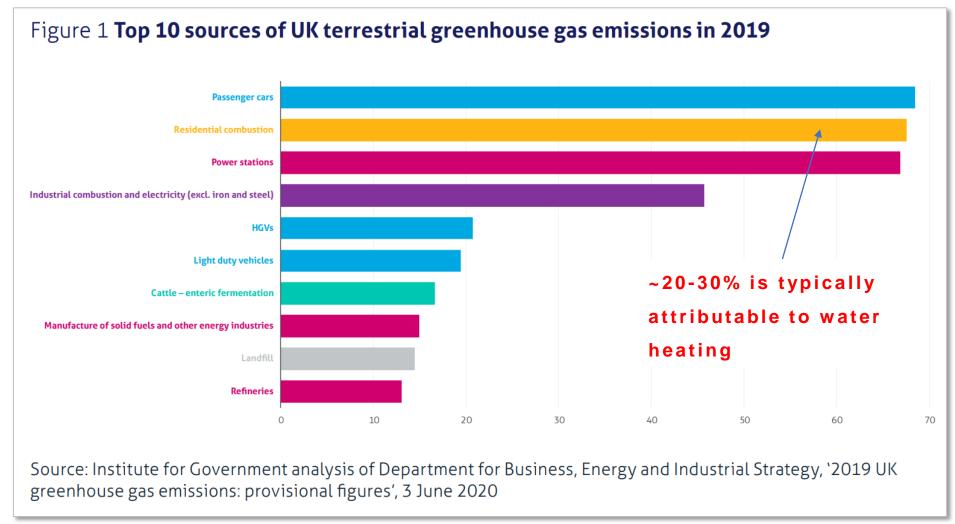


The GHG emissions associated with the 'usephase' of a product (for the full anticipated life-span of the product)



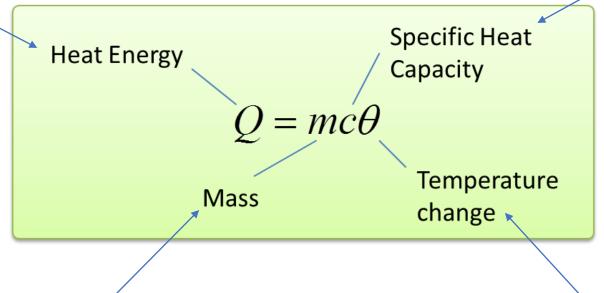
The role of domestic hot water

Current focus is on space heating as the #1 source of household emissions (but water heating is #2...)









C in J/g°C C in cal/g°C Relative heat capacity 0.123 0.126 0.030 0.134 0.032 0.033 0.091 Water has a very 0.092 high heat capacity Granite 0.189 Glass Ice (-10°C) 0.490 2.050 0.574

Heating water is **VERY** energy intensive!

Shower flow rate (I/min) x duration

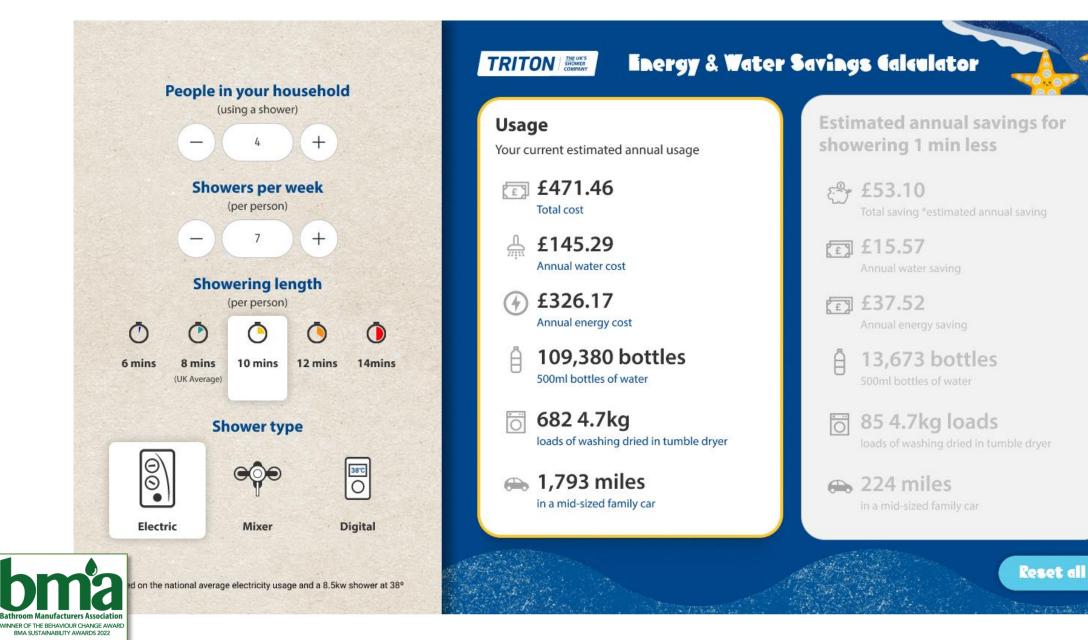
T_{Shower} - T_{Cold water} supply

HOW MUCH water we heat matters

WHERE that energy comes from matters



Helping customers understand their showering habits



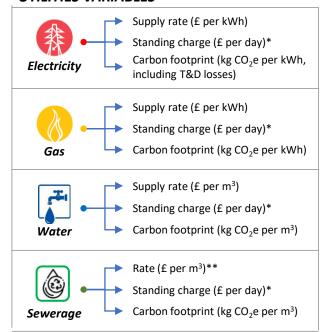


Detailed mathematical modelling of different showering 'Eco-systems' (schematic)

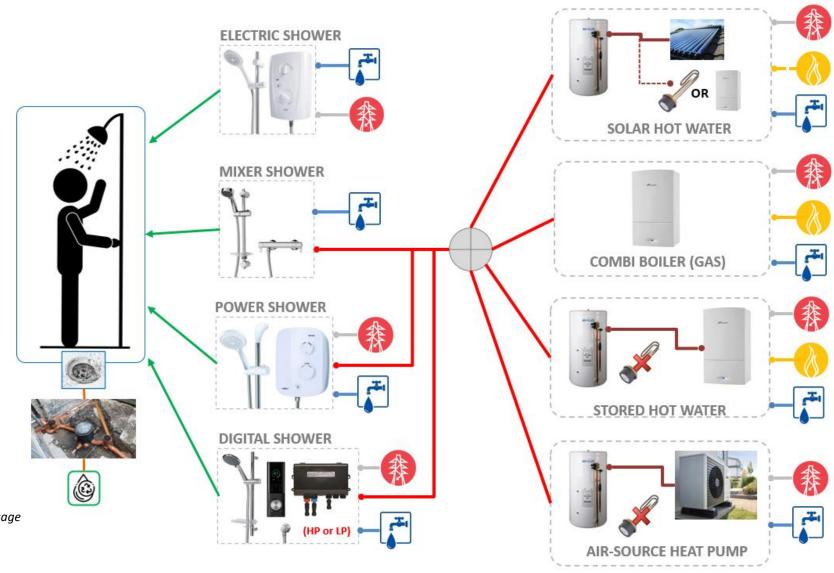
DUTY CYCLE VARIABLES

- # Showers per person, per week
- Shower duration (average)
- Showering temperature (average)
- Temperature of cold water supply
- Flow rate

UTILITIES VARIABLES



^{*} Pro-rata standing charges as an estimated % of utility usage attributable to showering versus total household usage







^{**} This is assumed to be = water supply

Illustrative comparison of 3 different showering 'eco-systems'

3-person household, 5 showers pppw, 7.5 min average duration @ 41°C



Cost	Water	Carbon
£407.99 (un-metered)	20,451 litres	224.11 kg CO₂e
£422.31 (metered)		

Cost	Water	Carbon
£438.09 (un-metered)	71,049 litres	797.86 kg CO₂e
£648.74 (metered)		

Cost	Water	Carbon
£417.97 (un-metered)	71,049 litres	234.12 kg CO ₂ e
£628.62 (metered)		

Functional unit: 1 year's showering



Flow

If 10% of Scottish households reduce the flow rate from their Mixer shower (connected to an A-rated gas boiler) by 3 l/min



~£11.8M (un-metered) ~£24M (metered)



~20k ICE cars off UK roads ~35.2k tCO₂e



Behaviour

If 10% households in Scotland reduce the average shower time with their Mixer shower (121/min, connected to an A-rated gas boiler) by 2 minutes



~£12.6M (un-~£25.6M (metered)

~22k ICE cars off UK roads

 \sim 37.6k tCO₂e



Energy source - What if ...?

Energy source

If 10% of households in Scotland fitted and used an 8.5kW Electric shower* rather than a Mixer (12 I/min flow rate assumed) connected to an A-rated gas boiler

*Note: a mixer shower fed by an appropriately specified ASHP (if used appropriately) could achieve similar carbon savings



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- Don't overlook showering in your Net
 Zero plans
- Consider showering options as part of 'whole-house' heating eco-system design
- Where-ever possible, adopt 'Fabric first' approach
- Engage residents, but don't just rely on behavior change
- For a Net Zero future, energy source
 REALLY matters



Thank you for your attention



Get in touch



Energy savings calculator

"The most reliable way to predict the future is to create it"

